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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/734,433		12/12/2003	Maurizio Della Cuna	1011-599	4601
47888	7590	03/13/2006		EXAMINER	
		IGAN P.C.		HARDEE, JOHN R	
1185 AVENUE OF THE AMERICAS NEW YORK, NY 10036				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,			1751	

DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/734,433	CUNA ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	John R. Hardee	1751					
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 136(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) Mo e, cause the application to become	ATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under the	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C	.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application	l .						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers		•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	epted or b) objected t	o by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attach	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in	Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		n received in this National Stage					
application from the International Burea							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies no	ot received.					
	·						
Attachment(s)	,, □	· O					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	v Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date					
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date) 5) ☐ Notice o 6) ☐ Other: _	f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
apei inotajninali date		'					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

2. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for the specific species recited in the claims, does not reasonably provide enablement for the entire genuses recited in the claims. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make or use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. The claims are of the form (e.g., claim 6) "characterized in that said agent comprises antioxidating (sic) substances, including tocopherol and propyl gallate." Does this mean that some antioxidant must be present, does it meant that one of tocopherol and propyl gallate must be present, or does it mean, as written, that both tocopherol and propyl gallate must be present? In the first case, the applicant does not have sufficient basis for reciting any and all antioxidants, assuming that antioxidants are what are intended, the second is misleading and should be replaced by accepted Markush language, and the third appears to be more restrictive than applicant intended. Thus the claims have scope of enablement problems (112, 1st para.), they are indefinite (112, 2nd. para.) or they do not claim what applicant intends to claim.

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The examiner recommends that both the specification and the claims be thoroughly edited by a chemist with native proficiency in English who is well versed in American patent law. Applicant is cautioned to refrain from adding new matter.

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Reasons are given in the rejection above. In addition, the claims are rife with spelling and terminology errors. Claims 23-25 should be amended to recite that the numbers in the second column are weight percentages. These claims also recite trademarks, rather than ingredients. This is indefinite because a trademark only indicates a source of goods, and because applicant provides no guidance regarding what materials are intended by these trademarks. Claim 17 recites short chain alcohols and mentions undecanol specifically. As undecanol is considered a long chain alcohol in the surfactant art, it is not clear what applicant means by "short chain alcohols". Claims 18-20 (at least) recite intended use and do not further modify the independent claim, but applicant appears to intend "further comprising" language here.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

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(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claims 1-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vermeer, US 5,880,076. The reference discloses detergent and personal care compositions comprising glycacarbamate and glycaurea compounds (abstract). Regarding claims 1 and 8-16, lactic acid esters are disclosed as useful emulsifiers at col. 30, lines 34-35. No specifica mount is disclosed, but determination of the emollience-effective amount of a disclosed emollient is well within the abilities of the

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person of ordinary skill I the surfactant art. Regarding claim 2, a number of zinc salts are disclosed at the top of col. 38. Regarding claim 3, several specific fragrances are disclosed at col. 38, line 56. Regarding claims 4 and 5, sequestrants are disclosed at col. 21, line 54, silicates at col. 42, lines 51+ and aluminosilicates (zeolites) at col. 42, lines 60+. Regarding claim 6, addition of vitamin E (tocopherol) is disclosed at col. 31, line 67. Regarding claim 7, antiperspirants are disclosed at col. 37, lines 26+. Regarding claims 17 and 19, addition of 8-18 carbon alcohols is disclosed at col. 30, lines 10+. Regarding claim 18, addition of EDTA is disclosed at col. 33, line 5. Regarding claims 20-25, suitable surfactants are disclosed at col. 22, line 45-col. 27, line 63. This reference differs from the claimed subject matter in that it does not disclose a composition which reads on applicant's claims with sufficient specificity to constitute anticipation.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to make such a composition, because this reference teaches that all of the ingredients recited by applicants are suitable for inclusion in a surfactant composition. The person of ordinary skill in the surfactant art would expect the recited compositions to have properties similar to those compositions which are exemplified, absent a showing to the contrary.

In the case where the claimed ranges overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art, a *prima facie* case of obviousness exists. *In re Wertheim*, 541 F.2d 257, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976); *In re Woodruff*, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed Cir. 1990).

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to the examiner, Dr. John R. Hardee, whose telephone number is (571) 272-1318. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:00 until 4:30. In the event that the examiner is not available, his supervisor, Mr. Douglas McGinty, may be reached at (571) 272-1029.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8100.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John R. Hardee

Primary Examiner

March 8, 2006